1. In small bus-based multiprocessors, write-through caches are sometimes used because the coherence protocol can be simplified compared to write-back caches. Show how the basic snooping protocol from the textbook, which is designed for write-back caches, can be changed for a write-through cache.

2. In the cache coherence protocol that the book describes (e.g., in Figure 5.6), it assumes that a write hit and a write miss are treated the same. The MESI protocol adds an additional state (Modified) to the protocol. Draw the cache coherence state diagram for the MESI protocol (similar to Figure 5.6). What advantage does this protocol have compared to the one in the book?