1. For the following questions, use the following string of address references given as word address:

1, 4, 8, 5, 20, 17, 19, 56, 9, 11, 4, 43, 5, 6, 9, 17

- Assuming a direct mapped cache with 16 one-word blocks that is initially empty, label each reference in the list as a hit or miss, and show the final contents of the cache.

- Assuming a direct mapped cache with 4-word blocks and a total size of 16 words, show the hits and misses and final cache contents.

- Assuming a two-way set associative cache with one-word blocks and a total size of 16 words, show the hits and misses and final cache contents. Assume LRU replacement.

- Assuming a fully associative cache with one-word blocks and a total size of 16 words, show the hits and misses and final cache contents.

2. You purchased an Acme computer with the following features:

- 95% of all memory accesses are found in the cache.

- Each cache block is two words, and the entire block is read on any miss.

- The processor sends references to its cache at the rate of $10^9$ words per second.

- 25% of those references are writes.

- Assume that the memory system can support $10^9$ words per second, reads or writes.

- The bus reads or writes a single word at a time (the memory system cannot read or write two words at once.

- Assume at any one time, 30% of the blocks in the cache are dirty.

- The cache uses write allocate on the write miss.

You are considering adding a peripheral to the Acme system above and you want to know how much of the memory bandwidth is already used. Calculate the percentage of memory system bandwidth used on the average, for:

- The cache is write through.

- The cache is write back.

State any assumptions you make in developing your answer.