1. For the following questions, use the following string of address references given as word address:

1, 4, 8, 5, 20, 17, 19, 56, 9, 11, 4, 43, 5, 6, 9, 17

- Assuming a direct mapped cache with 16 one-word blocks that is initially empty, label each reference in the list as a hit or miss, and show the final contents of the cache.

- Assuming a direct mapped cache with 4-word blocks and a total size of 16 words, show the hits and misses and final cache contents.

- Assuming a two-way set associative cache with one-word blocks and a total size of 16 words, show the hits and misses and final cache contents. Assume LRU replacement.

- Assuming a fully associative cache with one-word blocks and a total size of 16 words, show the hits and misses and final cache contents.

2. You purchased an Acme computer with the following features:

- 95% of all memory accesses are found in the cache.
- Each cache block is two words, and the entire block is read on any miss.
- The processor sends references to its cache at the rate of $10^9$ words per second.
- 25% of those references are writes.
- Assume that the memory system can support $10^9$ words per second, reads or writes.
- The bus reads or writes a single word at a time (the memory system cannot read or write two words at once.
- Assume at any one time, 30% of the blocks in the cache are dirty.
- The cache uses write allocate on the write miss.

You are considering adding a peripheral to the system and you want to know how much of the memory bandwidth is already used. Calculate the percentage of memory system bandwidth used on the average, for:

- The cache is write through.
- The cache is write back.

State any assumptions you make in developing your answer.