

Algorithm Efficiency

Assume that the function $g(n)$ is the time required to run Algorithm A.

An algorithm A is said to be "of order $f(n)$," denoted by $O(f(n))$, if constants c_1 , c_2 , and n_0 can be found such that:

$$c_1 * f(n) < g(n) < c_2 * f(n)$$

for a problem of size $n > n_0$

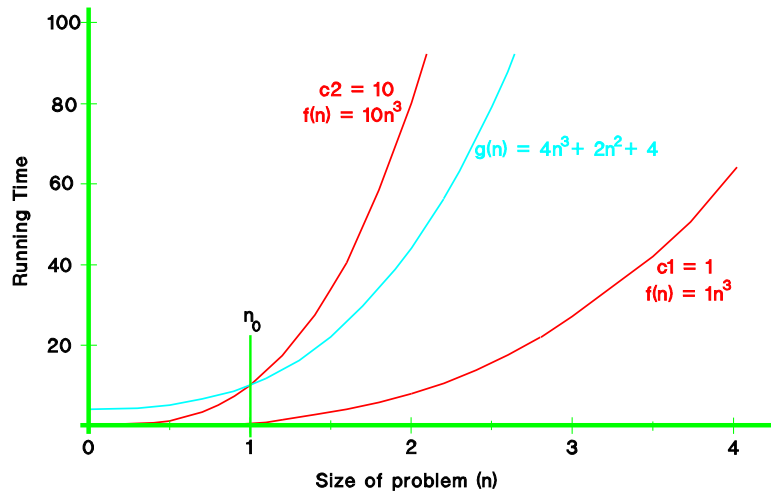
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Order Analysis Example

- [A: initialization code executed once
- [while iteration; no. of iterations depends on n
 - [B: linear sequence of stmts
 - [while iteration, dependent on n
 - [C: linear sequence
 - [D: linear sequence
- [E: linear sequence
- [while iteration, not dependent on n
 - [F: linear sequence

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Order Analysis Example



ORDER010