

North American and International FDM Carrier Standards

Number of Voice Channels	Bandwidth	Spectrum	AT&T	ITU-T
12	48 kHz	60–108 kHz	Group	Group
60	240 kHz	312–552 kHz	Supergroup	Supergroup
300	1.232 MHz	812–2044 kHz		Mastergroup
600	2.52 MHz	564–3084 kHz	Mastergroup	
900	3.872 MHz	8.516–12.388 MHz		Supermaster group
$N \times 600$			Mastergroup multiplex	
3,600	16.984 MHz	0.564–17.548 MHz	Jumbogroup	
10,800	57.442 MHz	3.124–60.566 MHz	Jumbogroup multiplex	



- Multiple beams of light at different frequency carried by optical fiber
 - A form of FDM
- Each colour of light (wavelength) carries separate data channel
 - most WDM use single mode fiber optical cable (9µm core)
- 1997 Bell Labs
 - 100 beams, each at 10 Gbps
 - Giving 1 terabit per second (Tbps)
- Commercial systems of 160 channels of 10 Gbps now available
- Lab systems (Alcatel) 256 channels at 39.8 Gbps each — 10.1 Tbps
 - Over 100km span

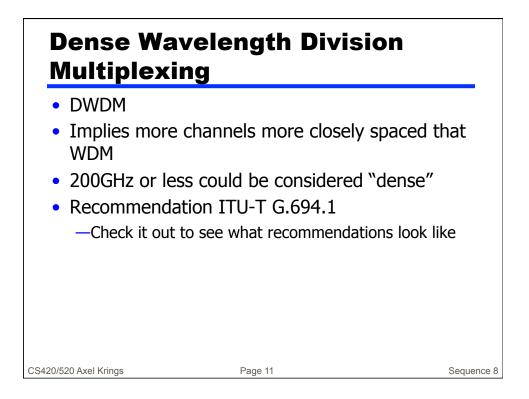
CS420/520 Axel Krings

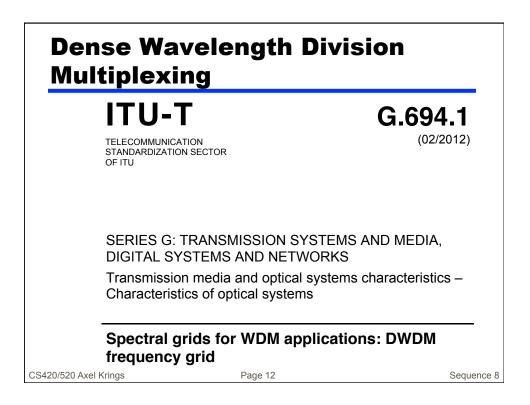
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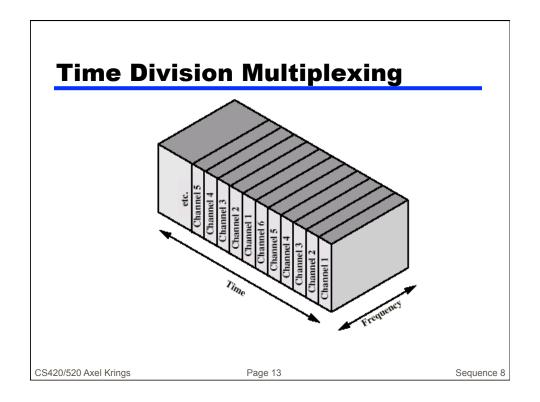
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ITU WDM Channel Spacing (G.692)

Frequency (THz)	Wavelength in Vacuum (nm)	50 GHz	100 GHz	200 GHz
196.10	1528.77	Х	X	X
196.05	1529.16	Х		
196.00	1529.55	Х	X	
195.95	1529.94	Х		
195.90	1530.33	Х	Х	X
195.85	1530.72	Х		
195.80	1531,12	Х	X	
195.75	1531.51	Х		
195.70	1531.90	Х	Х	Х
195.65	1532.29	Х		
195.60	1532.68	Х	X	
192.10	1560.61	Х	X	X







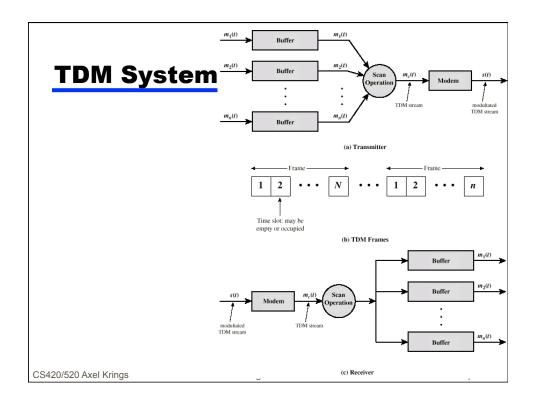
Time-Division Multiplexing TDM (synchronous)

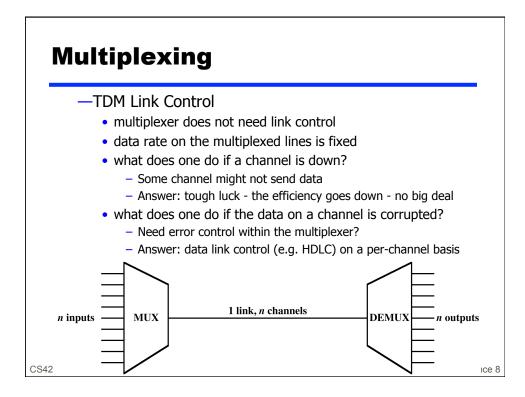
- -fixed time slots: take your turn or loose it
- —each slot is of duration T
- -frame is of duration NT and then repeats itself
- X sends at constant data rate and Y receives at that rate no buffering or flow control needed - though channels may have own flow control (such as V.24 DSR/DTR and RTS/CTS)
- -errors on one channel do not affect behavior of system
- character interleaving can eliminate start/stop bits and reinsert later for asynchronous sources
- —can use 1 bit/frame to indicate slot/frame alignment (101010...)
- differing data rates managed by buffers and use-based allocation

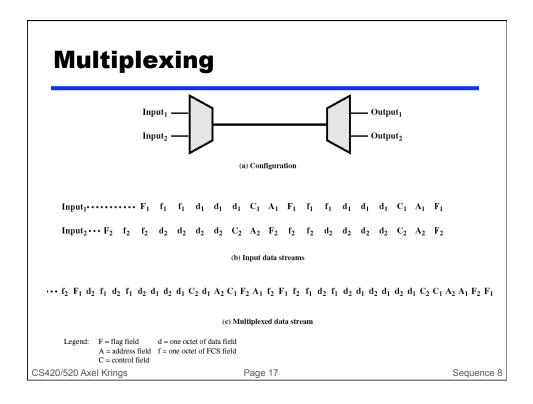
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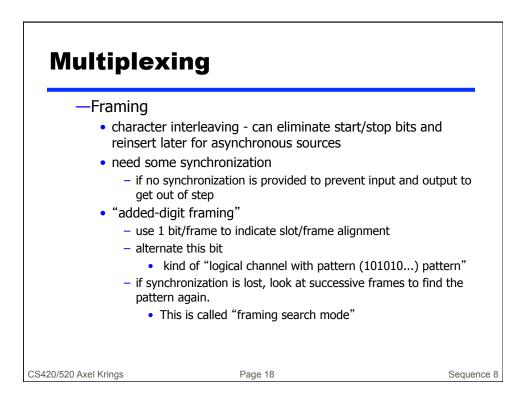
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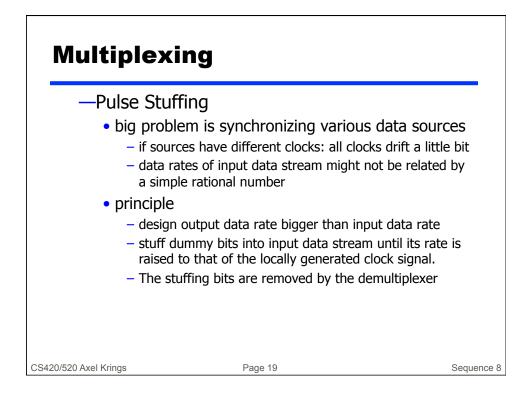
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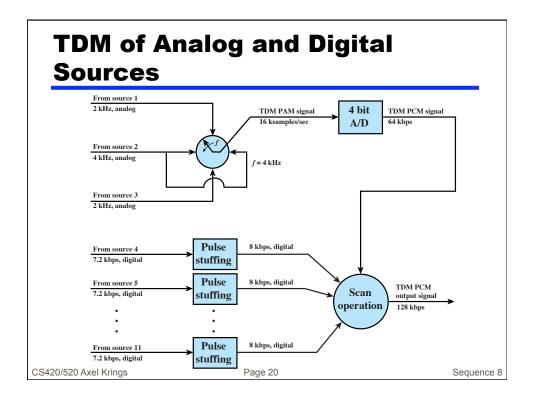


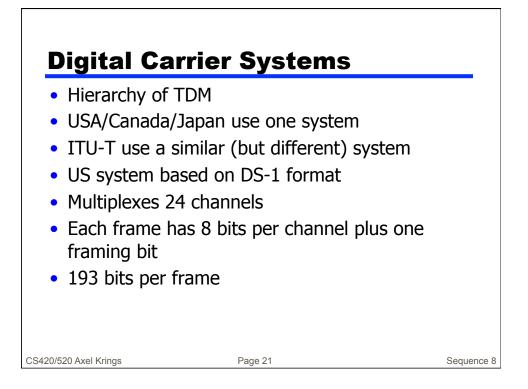


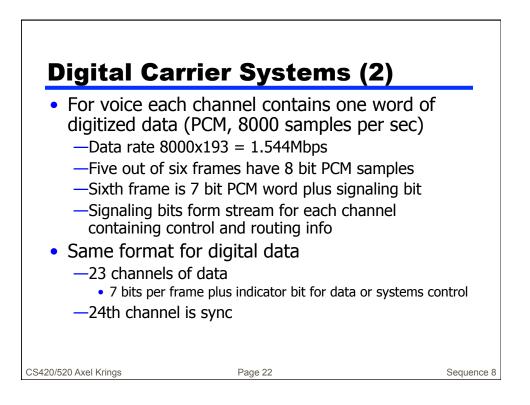


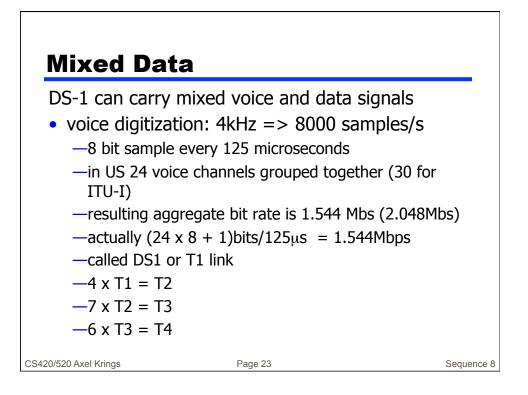


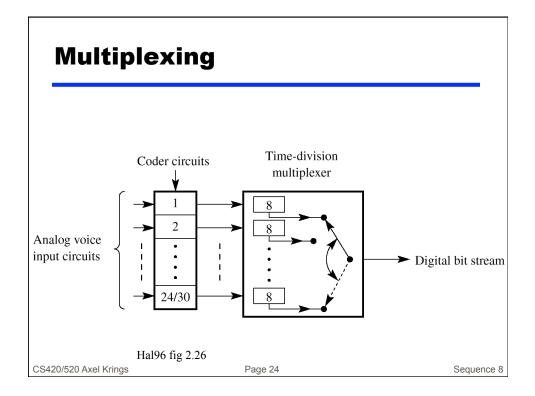


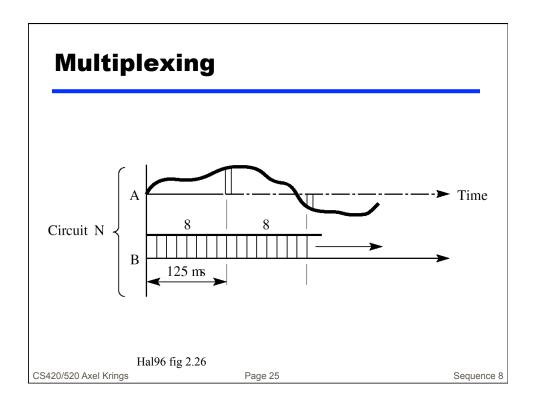


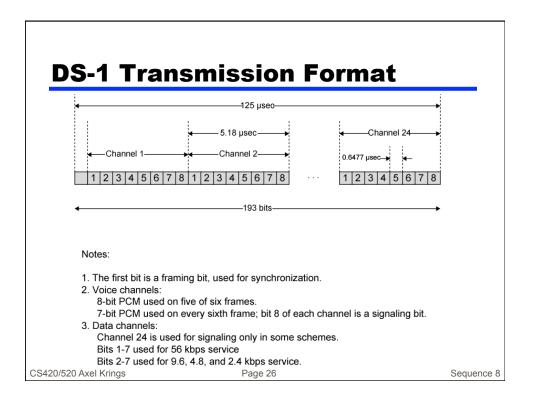


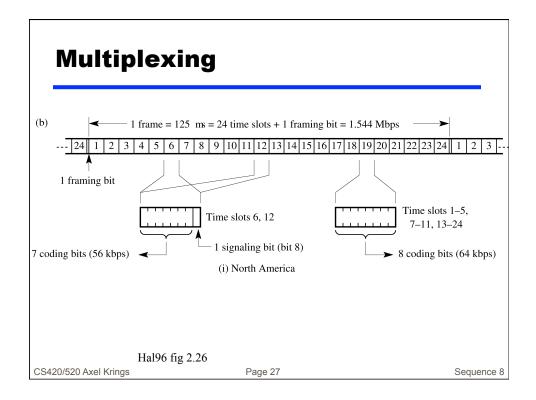


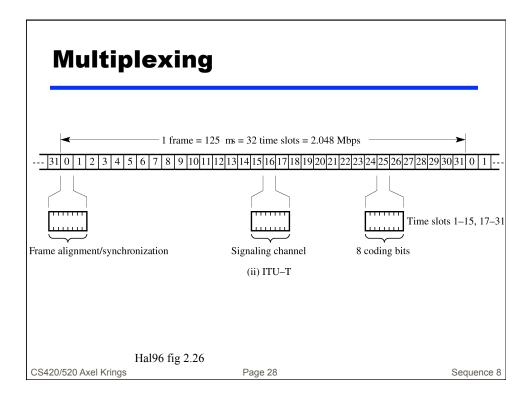




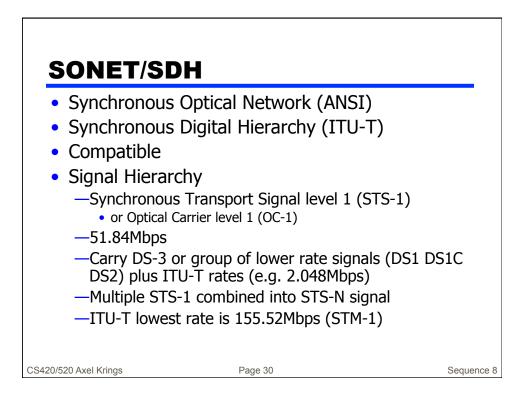


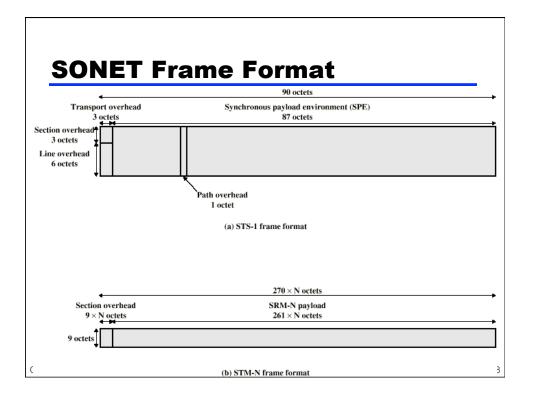


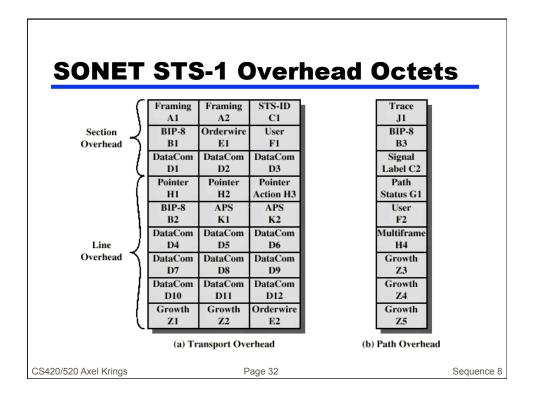


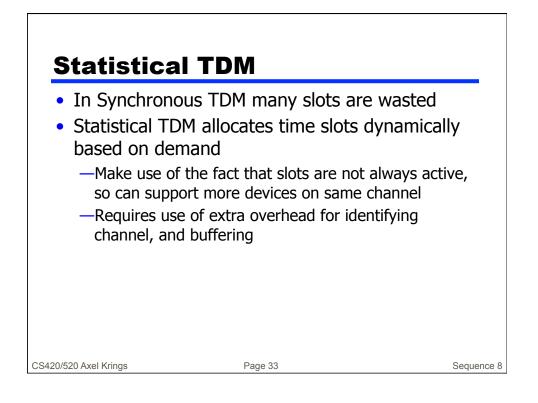


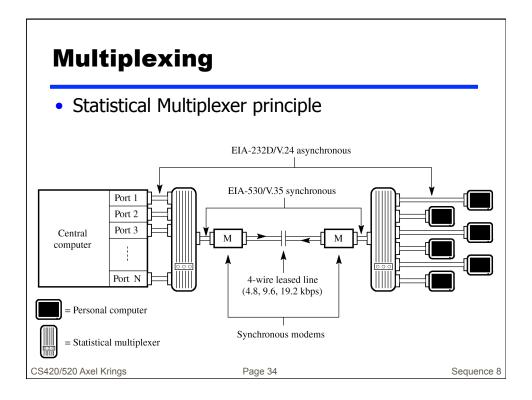
North A	merica	(based	l on 24	1 channe	els)
Ν	North Americ	an	Ir	iternational (I	ГU-T)
Designatio n	# voice channels	Data Rate (Mbps)	Level	# voice channels	Data Rate (Mbps)
DS-1	24	1.544	1	30	2.048
DS-1C	48	3.152	2	120	8.448
DS-2	96	6.312	3	480	34.368
DS-3	672	44.736	4	1920	139.264
DS-4	4032	274.176	5	7680	565.148
DS-5	5760	400.352			



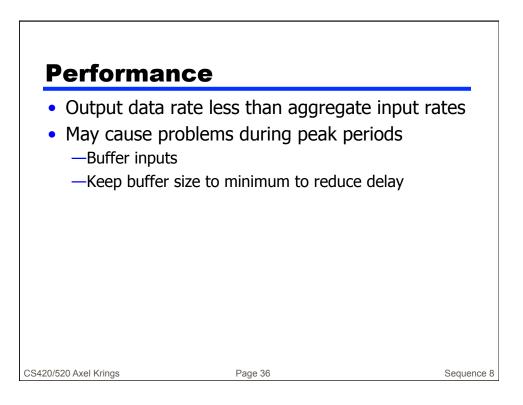


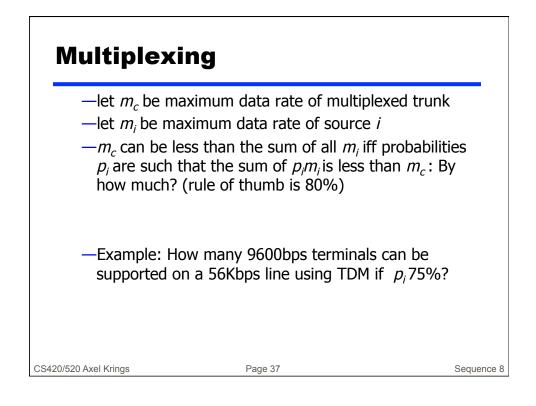


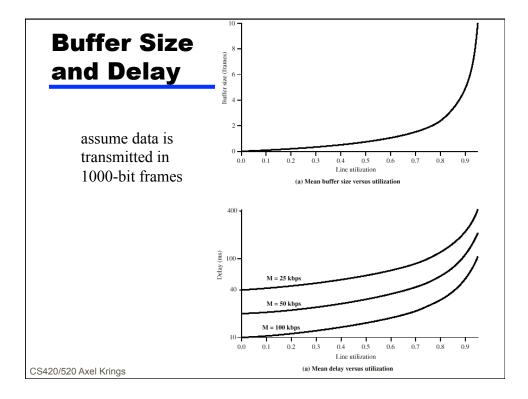


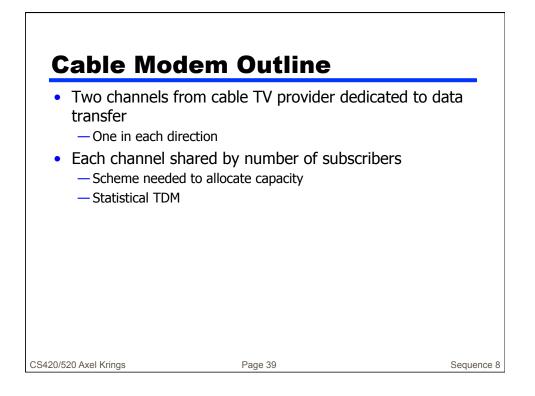


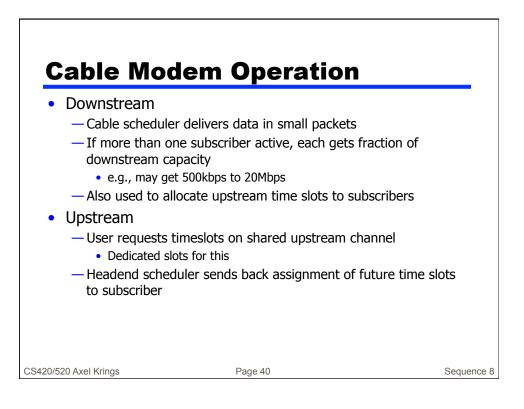
Statict	ical	TDM Fram	o Form	ate
Flag Address	Control	Statistical TDM subframe	FCS	Flag
		(a) Overall frame		
Address	Data (b) Sub	oframe with one source per frame		
Address Length	Data	• • • Addres	s Length Da	ta
	(c) Subfra	ame with multiple sources per frame		
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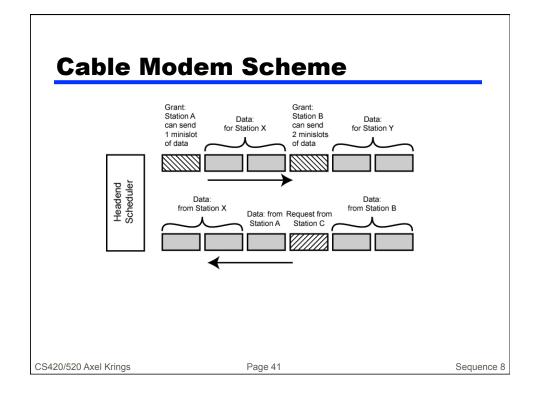












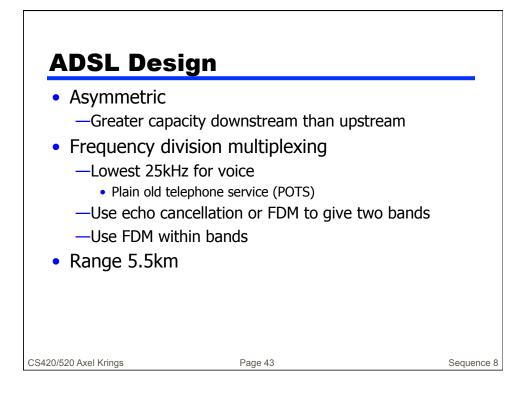
Asymmetrical Digital Subscriber Line

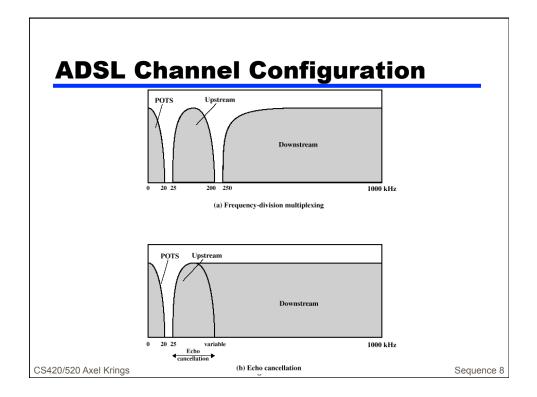
- ADSL
- Link between subscriber and network —Local loop
- Uses currently installed twisted pair cable —Can carry broader spectrum
 - -1 MHz or more

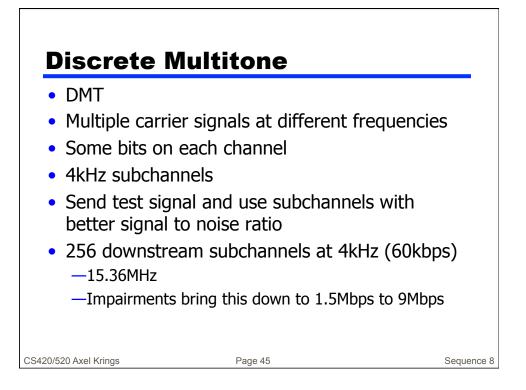
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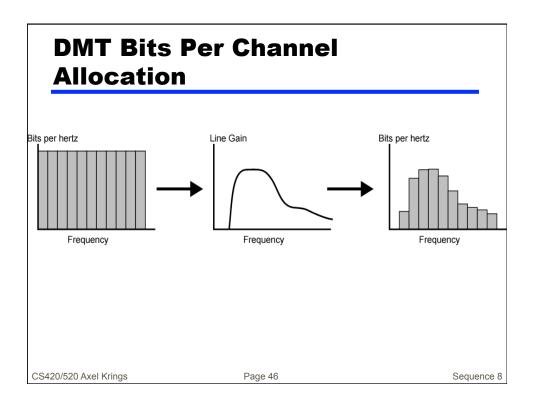
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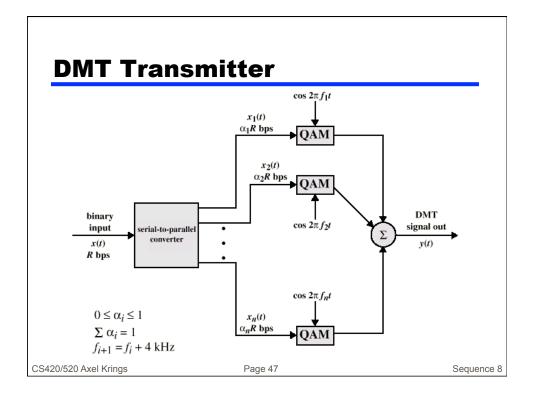
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xDSL				
High data rate DSLSingle line DSLVery high data rate D	SL			
	ADSL	HDSL	SDSL	VDSL
Data rate	1.5 to 9 Mbps downstream 16 to 640 kbps upstream	1.544 or 2.048 Mbps	1.544 or 2.048 Mbps	13 to 52 Mbps downstream
				1.5 to 2.3 Mbps upstream
Mode	Asymmetric	Symmetric	Symmetric	Asymmetric
Copper Pairs	1	2	1	1
Range (24-gauge UTP)	3.7 to 5.5 km	3.7 km	3.0 km	1.4 km
Signaling	Analog	Digital	Digital	Analog
Line Code	CAP/DMT	2B1Q	2B1Q	DMT
Frequency	1 to 5 MHz	196 kHz	196 kHz	$\geq 10 \text{ MHz}$
Bits/cycle	Varies	4	4	Varies
UTP = unshielded twisted pair	D			0
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