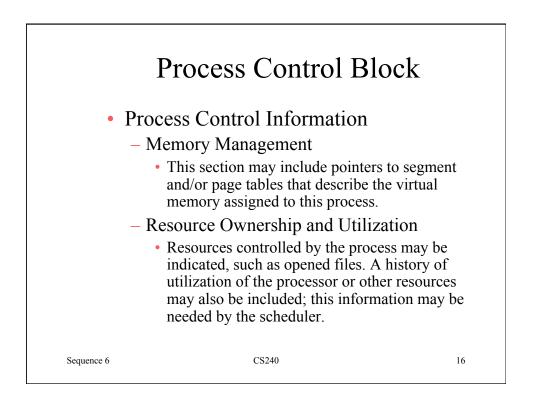
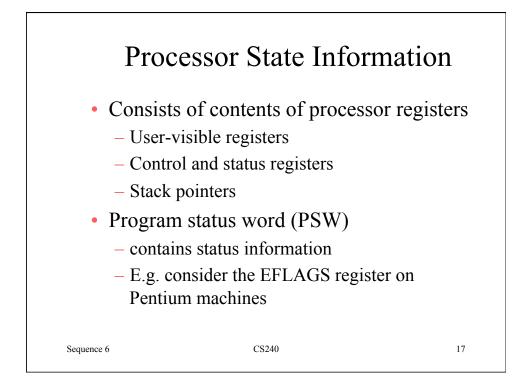
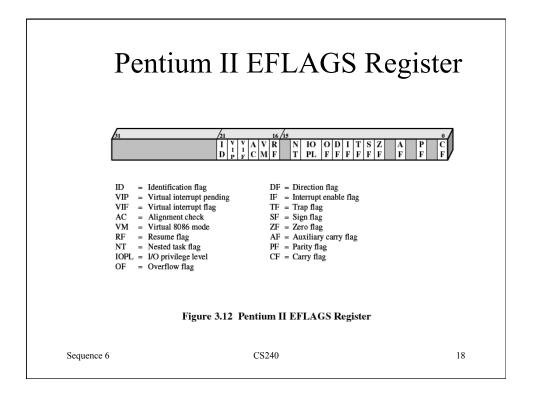
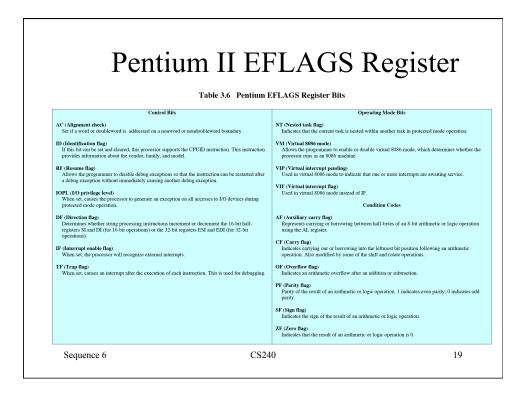


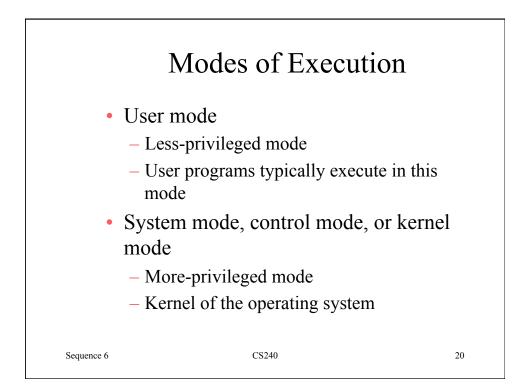
Process Control Block					
• I	Process Control Information				
	 Interprocess Communication 				
	 Various flags, signals, and messages may be with communication between two independ Some or all of this information may be main process control block. 	ent processes.			
	 Process Privileges 				
• Processes are granted privileges in terms of the memory that may be accessed and the types of instructions that may be executed. In addition, privileges may apply to the use of system utilities and services.					
Sequence 6	CS240	15			

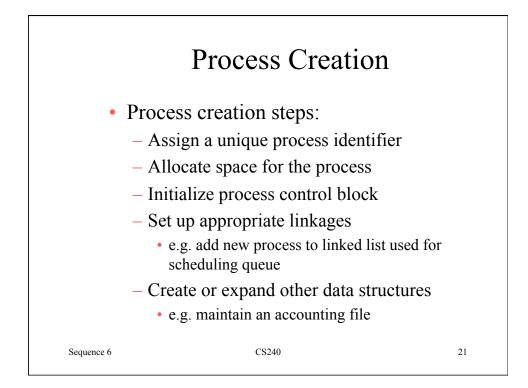


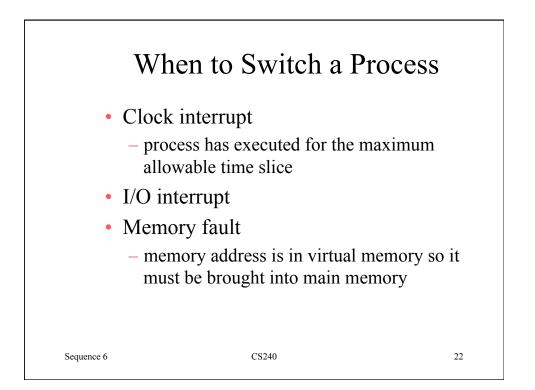


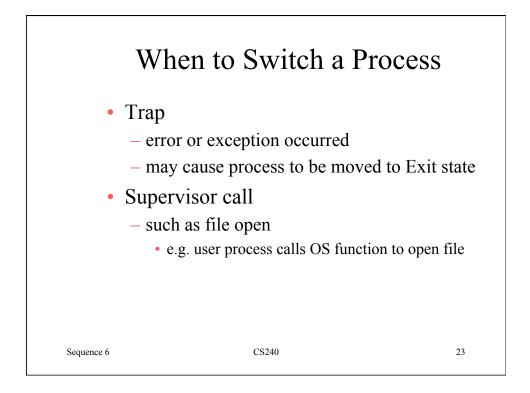


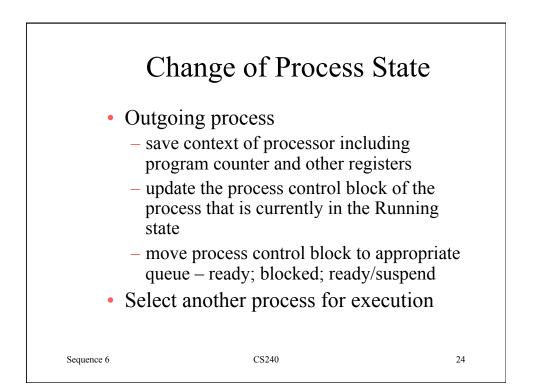


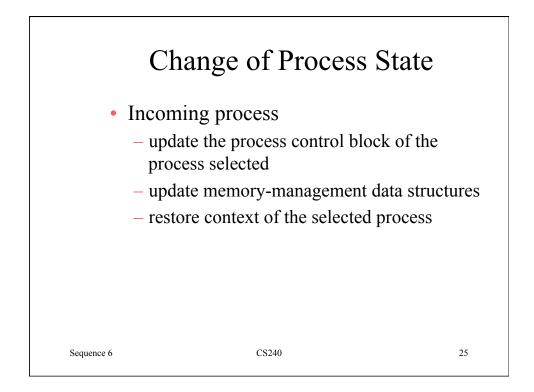


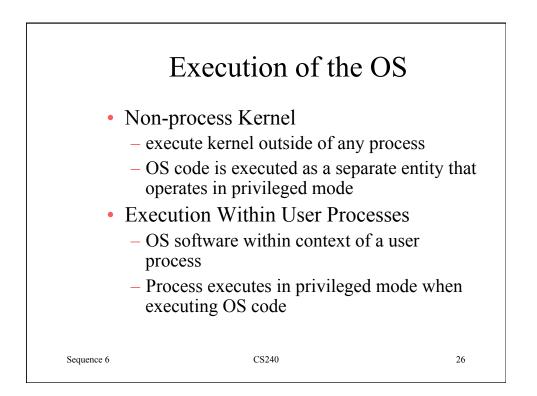


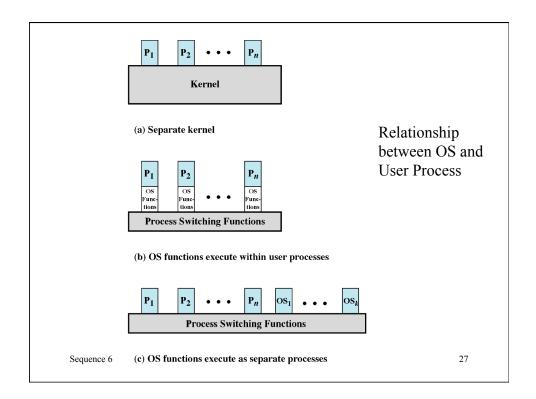


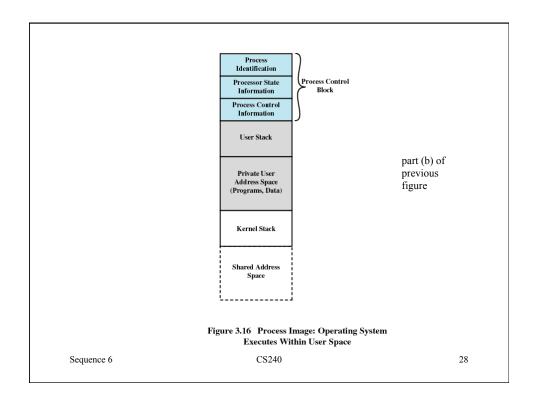


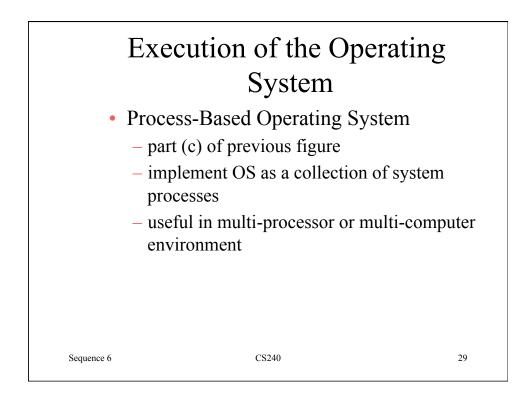


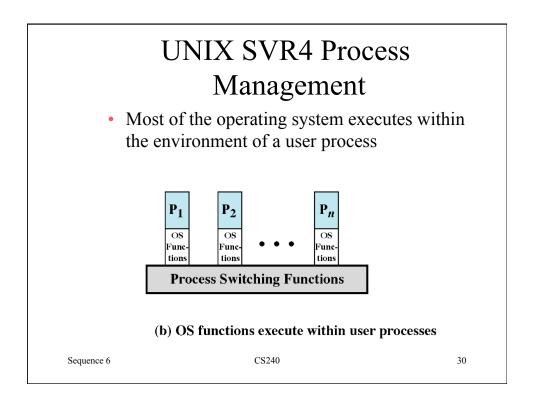












UNI	X Process States
	Table 3.9 UNIX Process States
	Table 3.7 UNIA Process States
User Running	Executing in user mode.
Kernel Running	Executing in kernel mode.
Ready to Run, in Memory	Ready to run as soon as the kernel schedules it.
	Unable to execute until an event occurs; process is in main memory (a blocked state).
	Process is ready to run, but the swapper must swap the process into main memory before the kernel can schedule it to execute.
	The process is awaiting an event and has been swapped to secondary storage (a blocked state).
	Process is returning from kernel to user mode, but the kernel preempts it and does a process switch to schedule another process.
Created	Process is newly created and not yet ready to run.
Zombie	Process no longer exists, but it leaves a record for its parent process

	UNIX	Table 3.10 UNIX Process Image	
		User-Lever Context	
	Process Text	Executable machine instructions of the program	
	Process Data	Data accessible by the program of this process	
	User Stack	Contains the arguments, local variables, and pointers for functions	
		executing in user mode	
	Shared Memory	Memory shared with other processes, used for interprocess	
		communication	
		Register Context	
	Program Counter	Address of next instruction to be executed; may be in kernel or	
	Flogram Counter	user memory space of this process	
	Processor Status Register	Contains the hardware status at the time of preemption; contents	
	Trocessor Status Register	and format are hardware dependent	
	Stack Pointer	Points to the top of the kernel or user stack, depending on the mode	
		of operation at the time or preemption	
	General-Purpose Registers	Hardware dependent	
		System-Level Context	
	Process Table Entry	Defines state of a process; this information is always accessible to	
		the operating system	
	U (user) Area	Process control information that needs to be accessed only in the	
		context of the process	
	Per Process Region Table	Defines the mapping from virtual to physical addresses; also	
		contains a permission field that indicates the type of access	
G (K 10.1	allowed the process: read-only, read-write, or read-execute	22
Sequence 6	Kernel Stack	Contains the stack frame of kernel procedures as the process	32

